



NOTICES OF FINAL RULEMAKING

This section of the Arizona Administrative Register contains Notices of Final Rulemaking. Final rules have been through the regular rulemaking process as defined in the Administrative Procedures Act. These rules were either approved by the Governor's Regulatory Review Council or the Attorney General's Office. Certificates of Approval are on file with the Office.

The final published notice includes a preamble and

text of the rules as filed by the agency. Economic Impact Statements are not published.

The Office of the Secretary of State is the filing office and publisher of these rules. Questions about the interpretation of the final rules should be addressed to the agency that promulgated them. Refer to Item #5 to contact the person charged with the rulemaking. The codified version of these rules will be published in the Arizona Administrative Code.

NOTICE OF FINAL RULEMAKING
TITLE 2. ADMINISTRATION
CHAPTER 8. STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM BOARD

[R20-163]

PREAMBLE

- 1. Article, Part, or Section Affected (as applicable) Rulemaking Action
2. Citations to the agency's statutory rulemaking authority to include the authorizing statute (general) and the implementing statute (specific):
3. The effective date for the rules:
4. Citations to all related notices published in the Register as specified in R1-1-409(A) that pertain to the record of the proposed rules:
5. The agency's contact person who can answer questions about the rulemaking:
6. An agency's justification and reason why a rule should be made, amended, repealed, or renumbered, to include an explanation about the rulemaking:



- 7. **A reference to any study relevant to the rule that the agency reviewed and proposes either to rely on or not rely on in its evaluation of or justification for the rule, where the public may obtain or review each study, all data underlying each study, and any analysis of each study and other supporting material.**
None
- 8. **A showing of good cause why the rulemaking is necessary to promote a statewide interest if the rulemaking will diminish a previous grant of authority of a political subdivision of this state:**
Not applicable
- 9. **A summary of the economic, small business, and consumer impact:**
The ASRS promulgates rules that allow the agency to provide for the proper administration of the state retirement trust fund. ASRS rules affect ASRS members and ASRS employers regarding how they contribute to, and receive benefits from, the ASRS. The ASRS effectively administrates how public-sector employers and employees participate in the ASRS. As such, the ASRS does not issue permits or licenses, or charge fees, and its rules have little to no economic impact on private-sector businesses, with the exception of some employer partner charter schools, which have voluntarily contracted to join the ASRS. Thus, there is little to no economic, small business, or consumer impact, other than the minimal cost to the ASRS to prepare the rule package. The rule will have minimal economic impact, if any, because it merely clarifies what information is required in order to submit a retirement or survivor benefit application and how the ASRS will process such applications.
- 10. **A description of any changes between the proposed rulemaking, including supplemental notices, and the final rulemaking:**
The ASRS made formatting changes to R2-8-133(J) and conforming changes to the remaining subsections in that section.
- 11. **An agency's summary of the public or stakeholder comments made about the rulemaking and the agency response to the comments:**
The ASRS received no written comments regarding the rulemaking. No one attended the oral proceeding on June 30, 2020.
- 12. **All agencies shall list other matters prescribed by statute applicable to the specific agency or to any specific rule or class of rules. Additionally, an agency subject to Council review under A.R.S. §§ 41-1052 and 41-1055 shall respond to the following questions:**
None
 - a. **Whether the rule requires a permit, whether a general permit is used and if not, the reasons why a general permit is not used:**
None of the rules requires a permit.
 - b. **Whether a federal law is applicable to the subject of the rule, whether the rule is more stringent than federal law, and if so, citation to the statutory authority to exceed the requirements of federal law:**
There are no federal laws applicable to these rules.
 - c. **Whether a person submitted an analysis to the agency that compares the rule's impact on the competitiveness of business in this state to the impact on business in other states:**
No analysis was submitted.
- 13. **A list of incorporated by reference material as specified in A.R.S. § 41-1028 and its location in the rules:**
None
- 14. **Whether the rule was previously made, amended, or repealed as an emergency rule. If so, cite the notice published in the Register as specified in R1-1-409(A). Also, the agency shall state where the text was changed between the emergency and the final rulemaking packages:**
Not applicable
- 15. **The full text of the rules follows:**

**TITLE 2. ADMINISTRATION
CHAPTER 8. STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM BOARD
ARTICLE 1. RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

Section	
R2-8-115.	<u>Return of Contributions Upon Termination of Membership by Separation from All ASRS Employment by Other Than Retirement or Death; Payment of Survivor Benefits Upon the Death of a Member</u>
R2-8-120.	<u>Designating a Beneficiary; Spousal Consent to Designation Repealed</u>
R2-8-126.	<u>Calculating Optional Forms of Benefits Retirement Application</u>
R2-8-127.	<u>Re-Retirement Application</u>
R2-8-128.	<u>Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Options</u>
R2-8-129.	<u>Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Options</u>
R2-8-130.	<u>Rescind or Revert Retirement Election; Change of Contingent Annuitant</u>
R2-8-131.	<u>Designating a Beneficiary; Spousal Consent to Beneficiary Designation</u>
R2-8-132.	<u>Survivor Benefit Options</u>
R2-8-133.	<u>Survivor Benefit Applications</u>



ARTICLE 1. RETIREMENT SYSTEM

R2-8-115. Return of Contributions Upon Termination of Membership by Separation from All ASRS Employment by Other Than Retirement or Death; ~~Payment of Survivor Benefits Upon the Death of a Member~~

- A. The following definitions apply to this Section unless otherwise specified:
1. ~~“Acceptable documentation” means any ASRS form request containing all the accurate, required information, dates, and signatures necessary to process the form request.~~ “DRO” means the same as “domestic relations order” in A.R.S. § 38-773(H)(1).
 2. “Eligible retirement plan” means the same as in A.R.S. § 38-770(D)(3).
 3. “Employer number” means a unique identifier the ASRS assigns to a member employer.
 4. “Employer plan” means the types of eligible retirement plans specified in A.R.S. § 38-770(D)(3)(c), (d), (e), and (f).
 5. “LTD” Means the same as in R2-8-301.
 6. “On file” means ASRS has received the information.
 7. “Process date” means the calendar day the ASRS generates contribution withdrawal documents to be sent to a member.
 8. “Warrant” means a voucher authorizing payment of funds due to a member.
- B. A member who terminates from all ASRS employment by other than retirement or death and desires a return of the member’s contributions, including amounts received for the purchase of service, any employer contributions authorized under A.R.S. § 38-740, and interest on the contributions, shall request from the ASRS, in writing or verbally, the documents necessary to apply for the withdrawal of the member’s contributions.
- C. Upon request to withdraw by the member, the ASRS shall provide:
1. An Application for Withdrawal of Contributions and Termination of Membership form to the member, and
 2. An Ending Payroll Verification - Withdrawal of Contribution and Termination of Membership form to the employer, if ASRS has received contributions for the member within the six months immediately preceding the date the member submitted the request to ASRS.
- D. The member shall complete and return to the ASRS the Application for Withdrawal of Contributions and Termination of Membership form that includes the following information:
1. The member’s full name;
 2. The member’s Social Security number or U.S. Tax Identification number;
 3. The member’s current mailing address, if not On File with ASRS;
 4. ~~The member’s daytime telephone number, if applicable;~~
 5. The member’s birth date, if not On File with ASRS;
 6. ~~The date of termination;~~
 7. Dated Notarized signature of the member certifying that the member:
 - a. ~~Is no longer employed by any ASRS employer~~ Employer;
 - b. ~~Is neither under contract nor has any verbal or written agreement for future employment with an ASRS employer~~ Employer;
 - c. ~~Is not currently in a leave of absence status with an ASRS employer~~ Employer;
 - d. ~~Understands that each of the member’s former ASRS employers~~ Employers will complete a an ending payroll verification form if payroll transactions occurred with the ASRS has received contributions for the member employer within the six months before immediately preceding the process date the member submitted the request to ASRS;
 - e. Understands that the member’s most recent Employer will complete an ending payroll verification form for the member if the member has reached the member’s required beginning date pursuant to A.R.S. § 38-775;
 - f. ~~Has read and understands the Special Tax Notice Regarding Plan Payments the member received with the application and the member elects to waive the member’s 30-day waiting period to consider a rollover or a cash distribution;~~
 - g. ~~Understands that the member is forfeiting all future retirement rights and privileges of membership with the ASRS;~~
 - h. ~~Understands that long term disability LTD benefits will be canceled if the member elects to withdraw contributions while receiving or electing to receive long-term disability benefits;~~
 - i. ~~Understands that if the member elects to roll over all or any portion of the member’s distribution to another employer plan, it is the member’s responsibility to verify that the receiving employer plan will accept the rollover and, if applicable, agree to separately account for the pre-tax and post-tax amounts rolled over and the related subsequent earnings on the amounts;~~
 - j. ~~Understands that if the member elects to roll over all or any portion of the member’s distribution to an individual retirement account, it is the member’s responsibility to separately account for pre-tax and post-tax amounts; and~~
 - k. ~~Understands that if the member elects a rollover to another employer plan or individual retirement account, any portion of the distribution not designated for rollover roll over will be paid directly to the member and any taxable amounts will be subject to 20% federal income tax withholding and 5% state applicable state and federal tax withholding;~~
 - l. Understands that the member is not considered terminated and cannot withdraw the member’s ASRS contribution if the member was called to active military service and is not currently performing services for an Employer;
 - m. Understands that any person who knowingly makes any false statement with an intent to defraud the ASRS is guilty of a Class 6 felony in accordance with A.R.S. § 38-793.
 8. ~~Specify that:~~
 - a. The entire amount of the distribution be paid directly to the member,
 - b. The entire amount of the distribution be ~~transferred~~ rolled over to an eligible retirement plan, or
 - c. An identified amount of the distribution be ~~transferred~~ rolled over to an eligible retirement plan and the remaining amount be paid directly to the member; and
 9. ~~If the member selects all or a portion of the withdrawal be paid~~ rolled over to an eligible retirement plan, specify:
 - a. The type of eligible retirement plan; and
 - b. ~~The eligible retirement plan account number, if applicable; and~~
 - e. ~~The name and mailing address of the eligible retirement plan.~~



- ~~E.~~ If the member requesting the withdrawal has been inactive for five years or more, and if the member's account balance is \$1,000 or more, the member requesting the withdrawal shall provide a copy of a driver license or a form of other government issued identification to the ASRS.
- ~~F.~~ E. If ASRS has received contributions ~~a payroll transaction~~ for the member occurred with any ASRS employer within six months before immediately preceding the process date ~~the member submitted the request to ASRS~~ each ASRS employer ~~Employer~~ shall complete an Ending Payroll Verification - Withdrawal of Contributions and Termination of Membership form electronically that includes the following information:
1. The member's full name;
 2. The member's Social Security number ~~or U.S. Tax Identification number~~;
 3. The member's termination date;
 4. The member's final pay period ending date;
 5. The final amount of contributions, including any adjustments or corrections, but not including any long-term disability contributions;
 6. The ASRS employer's ~~Employer's~~ name and telephone number;
 7. The ~~employer~~ Employer number ~~Number~~;
 8. The name and title of the authorized ~~employer~~ Employer representative;
 9. Certification by the authorized ~~employer~~ Employer representative that:
 - a. The member ~~terminated employment~~ Terminated Employment and is neither under contract nor bound by any verbal or written agreement for employment with the ~~employer~~ Employer;
 - b. There is no agreement to re-employ the member; and
 - c. ~~The authorized employer representative has the legal power to bind the employer in transactions with the ASRS; and Any person who knowingly makes any false statement or who falsifies any record of the retirement plan with an intent to defraud the plan, is guilty of a Class 6 felony according to A.R.S. § 38-793; and~~
 - d. The authorized Employer representative certifies that they are the Employer user named on the Ending Payroll Verification - Withdrawal of Contributions and Termination of Membership form and their title and contact information is current and correct.
 10. ~~The signature of the authorized employer representative and date of signature.~~
- ~~F.~~ E. If the member has attained a required beginning distribution date as of the date the member submitted the request to ASRS, the most recent Employer shall complete an Ending Payroll Verification - Withdrawal of Contributions and Termination of Membership form electronically that includes the information contained in subsection (E).
- ~~G.~~ If the member requests a return of contributions and a ~~warrant~~ Warrant is distributed during the fiscal year that the member began membership in the ASRS, no interest is paid to the account of the member.
- ~~H.~~ If the member requests a return of contributions after the first fiscal year of membership, the ASRS shall credit interest at the rate specified in Column 3 of the table in R2-8-118(A) to the account of the member as of June 30 of each year, on the basis of the balance in the account of the member as of the previous June 30. The ASRS shall credit interest for a partial fiscal year of membership in the ASRS on the previous June 30 balance based on the number of days of membership up to and including the day the ASRS issues the ~~warrant~~ Warrant divided by the total number days in the fiscal year. Contributions made after the previous June 30 are returned without interest.
- ~~I.~~ Upon submitting to the ASRS the completed and accurate Application for Withdrawal of Contributions and Termination of Membership form and, if applicable, after the ASRS has received any Ending Payroll Verification - Withdrawal of Contributions and Termination of Membership forms, a member is entitled to payment of the amount due to the member as specified in subsection (G) or (H) unless a present or former spouse submits to the ASRS a ~~domestic relations order~~ certified copy or original DRO that specifies entitlement to all or part of the return of contributions under A.R.S. § 38-773 before the ASRS returns the contributions as specified by the member.
- ~~J.~~ Upon the death of a member, the ASRS shall distribute the survivor benefits according to the most recent, acceptable documentation that is on file with the ASRS that was received prior to the date of the member's death, unless otherwise provided by law. A member may cancel an Application for Withdrawal of Contributions and Termination of Membership form at any time before the return of contributions is disbursed by submitting written notice to ASRS to cancel the request.
- ~~K.~~ If there is no designation of beneficiary or if the designated beneficiary predeceases the member, the survivor benefit is paid as specified in A.R.S. § 38-762(E). The designated beneficiary or other person specified in A.R.S. § 38-762(E) shall:
1. ~~Provide a certified copy of a death certificate or a certified copy of a court order that establishes the member's death;~~
 2. ~~Provide a certified copy of the court order of appointment as administrator, if applicable; and~~
 3. ~~Except if the deceased member was retired and elected the joint and survivor option, complete and have notarized an application for survivor benefits, provided by the ASRS, that includes:~~
 - a. ~~The deceased member's full name;~~
 - b. ~~The deceased member's Social Security number;~~
 - c. ~~The following, as it pertains to the designated beneficiary or other person specified in A.R.S. § 38-762(F):~~
 - i. ~~Full name;~~
 - ii. ~~Mailing address;~~
 - iii. ~~Contact telephone number;~~
 - iv. ~~Date of birth, if applicable; and~~
 - v. ~~Social Security number or Tax ID number, if applicable.~~
- If an Application for Withdrawal of Contributions and Termination of Membership form is completed through the member's secure ASRS account, the secure login and successful submission of the knowledge based answers shall serve as the member's notarized signature required under subsection (D)(5).



R2-8-120. Designating a Beneficiary; Spousal Consent to Designation Repealed

- A.** The following definitions apply to this Section unless otherwise specified:
 1. "DRO" means the same as "domestic relations order" in A.R.S. § 38-773(H)(1).
 2. "Joint and survivor annuity" means an optional form of retirement benefits described in A.R.S. § 38-760(B)(1).
 3. "Period certain and life annuity" means an optional form of retirement benefits described in A.R.S. § 38-760(B)(2).
 4. "Spouse" means the individual to whom a member is married under Arizona law.
- B.** Effective July 1, 2013, a married member:
 1. Who is not retired shall name and maintain the member's current spouse as primary beneficiary of at least 50 percent of the member's retirement account unless:
 - a. Naming or maintaining the current spouse as beneficiary violates another law, existing contract, or court order; or
 - b. The spouse consents to an alternate beneficiary; and
 2. Who retires shall choose a joint and survivor annuity and name the member's current spouse as contingent annuitant of at least 50 percent of the member's retirement benefit unless the spouse consents to an alternative.
- C.** Application of subsection (B):
 1. The ASRS shall honor a beneficiary designation last made or a retirement election submitted before July 1, 2013, even if the beneficiary designation or retirement election fails to comply with subsection (B).
 2. The ASRS shall not apply subsection (B) to a lump sum retirement authorized under A.R.S. § 38-764.
 3. The ASRS shall not apply subsection (B) if a member submits a letter to the ASRS in which the member affirms under penalty of perjury that spousal consent is not required because of one of the reasons specified in A.R.S. § 38-776(C).
- D.** Changing a beneficiary designation:
 1. If a married member changes a beneficiary designation on or after July 1, 2013, the member shall ensure that the new beneficiary designation is consistent with the requirements specified in subsection (B);
 2. If a married member who retired before July 1, 2013, and:
 - a. Chose a straight life annuity wishes to change the member's beneficiary, the member shall ensure that the new beneficiary designation is consistent with subsection (B); or
 - b. Chose a period certain and life annuity or joint and survivor annuity wishes to change either the annuity option or the contingent annuitant, the member shall ensure that the new beneficiary designation is consistent with subsection (B).
- E.** Re-retirement. A married member who re-retires, as described in A.R.S. § 38-766:
 1. Within 60 months of the member's previous retirement date, shall elect the same annuity option and beneficiary as the member made at the time of the previous retirement; or
 2. More than 60 months after the member's previous retirement date, shall comply with subsection (B).
- F.** Involuntary cancellation of retirement. If a married member retires on or after July 1, 2013, and is issued one or more estimate checks but fails to comply with subsection (B) within 30 days after the member's effective retirement date, the member shall submit a signed letter to ASRS stating that the member's spouse refuses to consent to the chosen alternative and asking that the retirement be cancelled. The member may submit another retirement application that complies with subsection (B). The member's new effective retirement date is the date ASRS receives the new application. ASRS shall not issue additional estimate checks to a member whose retirement was involuntarily cancelled.
- G.** Survivor benefits:
 1. If a married member last made a beneficiary designation before July 1, 2013, the ASRS shall, at the time of the member's death, honor the beneficiary designation even if the beneficiary designation is not consistent with the requirements specified in subsection (B); and
 2. If a married member made a beneficiary designation on or after July 1, 2013, that is not consistent with the requirements specified in subsection (B), the ASRS shall, at the time of the member's death:
 - a. Notify both the spouse and designated beneficiary and:
 - i. Provide the spouse with an opportunity to waive the right under subsection (B); and
 - ii. Provide the designated beneficiary with an opportunity to provide documentation that revokes the spouse's right under subsection (B); and
 - b. Designate 50 percent of the member's retirement benefit to the spouse if neither the spouse nor designated beneficiary respond under subsection (G)(2)(a) within 30 days after notification.
- H.** Effect of legal documents. In general, a legal document such as a QDRO or prenuptial agreement will supersede the requirements in subsection (B). The ASRS shall ask the Office of the Attorney General to review the legal document before the ASRS decides how to disburse the retirement benefit.
- I.** Spousal waiver and consent; consent revocation
 1. The current spouse of a member has a right to:
 - a. Be designated as primary beneficiary of at least 50 percent of the member's retirement account, and
 - b. Have the member choose a joint and survivor annuity with the spouse as contingent annuitant of at least 50 percent of the retirement benefit.
 2. To waive the right described in subsection (I)(1) and consent to an alternative, the current spouse shall complete and have notarized a spousal consent form, which is available from the ASRS. If the current spouse is not capable of completing the spousal consent form because of a documented incapacitating mental or physical condition, a person with power of attorney or a conservator may complete the spousal consent form on behalf of the current spouse.
 3. A spouse may revoke a waiver and consent by sending written notice to ASRS and ensuring the written notice is received no later than the earlier of one day before the member dies or ASRS disburses a retirement benefit to the member.

R2-8-126. Calculating Optional Forms of Benefits Retirement Application

- A.** For the purposes of this Section, the following definitions apply, unless stated otherwise:



1. “Prior service credit” means a “service credit” listed in R2-8-501(24), credited service that is earned according to A.R.S. § 38-739, or a service credit that is transferred or redeemed according to A.R.S. §§ 38-730, 38-771, or 38-921 et seq. “Acceptable documentation” means any written request containing all the accurate, required information, dates, and signatures necessary to process the request.
2. “Acceptable form” means any ASRS form request containing all the accurate, required information, dates, and signatures necessary to process the form request.
3. “Applicable retirement date” means the later of:
 - a. The date a member retires from the ASRS for the first time; or
 - b. The date a member re-retires from the ASRS after returning to active membership.
4. “Conservator” means the same as in A.R.S. § 14-7651.
5. “DRO” means the same as in R2-8-115.
6. “Joint and survivor retirement benefit option” means an optional form of retirement benefits described in A.R.S. § 38-760(B)(1).
7. “Legal documentation” means:
 - a. One document issued from a United States government entity; or
 - b. Two documents issued from one or more federal, state, local, sovereign, medical, or religious institution.
8. “LTD” means the same as in R2-8-301.
9. “Irrevocable PDA” means the same as in R2-8-501.
10. “On file” means the same as in R2-8-115.
- 2-11. “Original retirement date” means the later of:
 - a. The date a member retires from the ASRS for the first time; or
 - b. The date a member re-retires from the ASRS after returning to active membership for 60 consecutive months or more according to A.R.S. § 38-766(C).
11. “Period certain and life annuity retirement benefit option” means an optional form of retirement benefits described in A.R.S. § 38-760(B)(2).
12. “Spouse” means the individual to whom a member is married under Arizona law.
13. “Straight life annuity” means the same as monthly life annuity according to A.R.S. § 38-757.
- ~~B. An individual who is 104 years of age or older at the time of retirement is not eligible to elect an option of life annuity with a term certain.~~
- ~~C. An individual who is 93 years of age or older at the time of retirement is not eligible to elect the options of life annuity with ten years certain or life annuity with 15 years certain.~~
- ~~D. An individual who is 85 years of age or older at the time of retirement is not eligible to elect the option of life annuity with 15 years certain.~~
- B. A member may retire from the ASRS by submitting a Retirement Application to the ASRS that contains the following information:**
 1. The member’s full name;
 2. The member’s Social Security number or U.S. Tax Identification number;
 3. The member’s marital status, if not On File with ASRS;
 4. The member’s current mailing address; if not On File with ASRS;
 5. The member’s date of birth, if not On File with ASRS;
 6. A retirement date according to A.R.S. § 38-764(A);
 7. The retirement option the member is electing;
 8. If the member is electing to roll over a lump sum distribution amount to another retirement account, then:
 - a. The type of account and account number, if applicable, to which the member is electing to roll over the lump sum distribution; and
 - b. The name and address of the financial institution of the account to which the member is electing to roll over the lump sum distribution;
 9. The following information for each primary beneficiary, unless the member is receiving a mandatory lump sum distribution under subsection (M):
 - a. The beneficiary’s full name;
 - b. The beneficiary’s Social Security number, if the beneficiary is a U.S. citizen;
 - c. The beneficiary’s date of birth;
 - d. The beneficiary’s relationship to the member; and
 - e. The percent of benefit the beneficiary may receive upon death of the member, if the member is designating more than one beneficiary.
 10. Whether the member is electing the Optional Health Insurance Premium Benefit;
 11. The following spousal consent information, if the member is married and is electing a retirement option other than a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option with at least 50% of the retirement benefit designated to the member’s spouse:
 - a. Whether the member’s spouse consents to the member making a beneficiary election that provides the member’s spouse with less than 50% of the member’s account balance;
 - b. Whether the member’s spouse consents to the member electing a retirement option other than a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option;
 - c. The member’s spouse’s full name; and
 - d. The member’s spouse’s notarized signature;
 12. Whether the member is electing to receive a partial lump sum distribution according to A.R.S. § 38-760 and if so:
 - a. How many months of annuity, up to 36 months, the member is electing to receive as a partial lump sum;
 - b. Whether the member is electing to directly receive the partial lump sum distribution reduced by applicable tax withholding amounts;



- c. Whether the member is electing to roll over all or a portion of the partial lump sum distribution amount to one other retirement account; and
- d. Whether the member is electing to use the partial lump sum distribution to purchase service credit with ASRS based on a service purchase request dated before January 6, 2013;
- 13. Acknowledgement of the following statements of understanding:
 - a. The member is aware of the member's LTD stop-payment date and any disability benefits the member is receiving shall cease upon the retirement date the member elects according to subsection (B)(6);
 - b. The member understands that if an overpayment exists, ASRS shall collect the remaining overpayment amount according to 2 A.A.C. 8, Article 8 and all repayment plans previously established with ASRS LTD claims administrator shall cease;
 - c. The member understands that if the member is submitting written notice of a changed retirement date, benefit option, or partial lump sum increment selection, ASRS shall distribute the member's benefit as of the later of:
 - i. The date ASRS receives the most recent Acceptable Documentation; or
 - ii. The retirement date contained in the most recent Acceptable Documentation.
 - d. The member has received the Special Tax Notice Regarding Plan Payments;
 - e. The member has received the Return to Work information and will comply with the laws and rules governing the member's return to work;
 - f. The member authorizes ASRS and the banking institution identified in subsection (W) to debit the member's account for the purposes of correcting errors and returning any payments inadvertently made after the member's death;
 - g. The member understands that the member may have a one-time option to rescind a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option or a Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Benefit Option according to R2-8-130;
 - h. The member understands that any person who knowingly makes any false statement with the intent to defraud ASRS is guilty of a Class 6 felony in accordance with A.R.S. § 38-793; and
 - i. The member acknowledges that the member has complied with A.R.S. §§ 38-755 and 38-776 regarding spousal consent; and
- 14. The member's notarized signature.
- C. If a Retirement Application is completed through the member's secure ASRS account, the member's notarized signature is not required under subsection (B)(14).
- D. If the retirement date the member elects according to subsection (B)(6) is not allowed, the ASRS shall change the retirement date to the earliest eligible date according to A.R.S. 38-764(A), unless the member is not eligible to retire.
- E. A member who elects to roll over all or a portion of the partial lump sum distribution amount according to subsection (B)(12)(c), shall submit the following written information to the ASRS:
 - 1. The type of account and account number to which the member is electing to roll over;
 - 2. The name and address of the financial institution of the account to which the member is electing to roll over; and
 - 3. If the member is electing to roll over a portion of the partial lump sum distribution, then the amount the member is electing to roll over.
- F. If the member elects to roll over all or a portion of their lump sum or partial lump sum distribution, the ASRS shall only roll over the distribution to one retirement account.
- G. Any portion of the partial lump sum distribution that is not rolled over to another retirement account according to subsection (B) shall be distributed directly to the member.
- H. If the member elects to use the partial lump sum distribution to purchase service credit according to subsection (B)(12)(d) the member shall submit the following written information to the ASRS:
 - 1. The number of the service purchase invoice;
 - 2. Whether the member is electing to apply the partial lump sum distribution to all eligible service on that invoice;
 - 3. If the member is not electing to apply the partial lump sum distribution to all eligible service on that invoice, then:
 - a. The amount of the partial lump sum distribution to be applied to that invoice; or
 - b. The number of years on that invoice the member is electing to purchase with the partial lump sum distribution;
 - 4. If the member is electing to make a payment on that service purchase invoice with after-tax payments, a rollover, or termination pay according to A.R.S. § 38-747;
 - 5. Whether the member is electing to authorize the ASRS to increase the number of months of annuity, not to exceed 36 months, to purchase the eligible service on that service purchase invoice, if the member elected an insufficient number of months of annuity to receive as a partial lump sum according to subsection (G) to complete the service purchase invoice;
 - 6. If the member does not have eligible service to purchase on that invoice, whether the member is electing to cancel the member's election to receive a partial lump sum distribution.
- I. A member who elects to receive a partial lump sum distribution shall receive an actuarially reduced annuity retirement benefit according to A.R.S. § 38-760.
- J. ASRS shall disburse any partial lump sum amount that is not applied to a service purchase invoice according to subsection (G) directly to the member after withholding applicable taxes.
- K. After submitting a Retirement Application according to subsection (B), a member may make changes to the member's Retirement Application by submitting written notice to the ASRS of the specific changes according to A.R.S. § 38-764(H).
- E-L. If ASRS has received contributions for the member within the three years immediately preceding the member's retirement date, the ASRS shall send a New Retirement Ending Payroll Verification form to the Employer. If ASRS has received contributions for the member within the six months immediately preceding the member's retirement date and the member shall receive a one-time lump sum payment according to subsection (P), the ASRS shall send a New Retirement Ending Payroll Verification form to the Employer.
- M. If the member has reached the age for minimum required distribution according to A.R.S. § 38-775(H)(4), the ASRS shall send a New Retirement Ending Payroll Verification form to the member's most recent Employer.



- N.** The Employer shall submit the completed New Retirement Ending Payroll Verification form to ASRS with the following information:
1. The member's Termination date or last day of ASRS membership with that Employer, if applicable;
 2. The member's total salary paid during their last fiscal year;
 3. The member's compensation for the last pay period;
 4. The name and title of the authorized Employer representative;
 5. Certification by the authorized Employer representative that:
 - a. Any person who knowingly makes any false statement or who falsifies any record of the retirement plan with an intent to defraud the plan, is guilty of a Class 6 felony according to A.R.S. § 38-793; and
 - b. The authorized Employer representative certifies that they are the Employer user named on the New Retirement Ending Payroll Verification form and their title and contact information is current and correct.
- O.** The ASRS shall cancel a member's Retirement Application if ASRS does not receive all forms and information required under this section within six months immediately after the member's retirement date.
- ~~P.~~** As authorized under A.R.S. § 38-764(F), if a member's ~~the life annuity~~ Straight Life Annuity, after any applicable early retirement reduction factor, of any Plan member is less than a monthly amount of \$100, determined by the Board, the ASRS shall not pay the annuity. Instead, the ASRS shall make a one-time mandatory lump sum payment in the amount determined by using appropriate actuarial assumptions.
- Q.** For purposes of calculating a member's retirement benefit according to A.R.S. §§ 38-758 and 38-759, ASRS shall calculate age to the nearest day as of the member's retirement date.
- R.** Based on the retirement option the member elects according to A.R.S. § 38-760, ~~The~~ the ASRS shall calculate a member's actuarially reduced or beneficiary's benefits, based on the attained age of the member, and if necessary, the attained age of the or contingent annuitant beneficiary, determined in years and full months, as of the date of the member's retirement as follows:
1. The date of the member's retirement; or For a partial lump sum retirement benefit option, ASRS shall calculate age to the nearest day as of the member's retirement date;
 2. The date of the member's death, if the beneficiary is eligible to elect the survivor benefit as monthly income for life according to A.R.S. § 38-762(C). For a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option, ASRS shall calculate age to the nearest day as of the member's retirement date; and
 3. For a mandatory lump sum payment according to subsection (O) or a Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Benefit Option, ASRS shall calculate age to the nearest full month in addition to calculating age according to subsection (P) as necessary.
- S.** If the ASRS is unable to verify the age of the member or a contingent annuitant, the member or contingent annuitant shall provide Legal Documentation showing the member's or contingent annuitant's age.
- G.** Before the ASRS applies the calculation for an optional form of retirement benefit provided in A.R.S. § 38-760, the ASRS shall include any prior service credit benefit that applicable to the life annuity of the member.
- H.** A member who is ten years and one day, or more, older than the member's non-spousal contingent annuitant is not eligible to participate in a 100% joint and survivor option. A member who is 24 years and one day, or more, older than the member's non-spousal contingent annuitant is not eligible to participate in a 66 2/3% joint and survivor option.
- I.** For members whose original retirement date is on or after March 6, 2016, notwithstanding subsection (H), a member who is ten years and one day, or more, older than the member's ex-spouse contingent annuitant is eligible to participate in a 100% joint and survivor option, if:
1. The member elected the ex-spouse as the contingent annuitant prior to divorce from the ex-spouse; and
 2. The member submits a DRO to the ASRS which requires the ex-spouse to be the contingent annuitant on the member's account.
- J.** For member whose original retirement date is on or after March 6, 2016, notwithstanding subsection (H), a member who is 24 years and one day, or more, older than the member's ex-spouse contingent annuitant is eligible to participate in a 66 2/3% joint and survivor option, if:
1. The member elected the ex-spouse as the contingent annuitant prior to divorce from the ex-spouse; and
 2. The member submits a DRO to the ASRS which requires the ex-spouse to be the contingent annuitant on the member's account.
- K.** Notwithstanding subsection (F), for purposes of determining whether a member is eligible to participate in a joint and survivor option, the ASRS shall calculate the difference in a member's age and the contingent annuitant's age based on the birthdates of the member and the contingent annuitant.
- T.** If a member does not retire by the date minimum distribution payments are required according to A.R.S. §§ 38-759 and 38-775, the required minimum distribution payments will accrue interest at the Assumed Actuarial Investment Earnings Rate specified in R2-8-118(A) and in effect on the date the required minimum distribution payments should have begun.
- U.** The ASRS shall distribute any required minimum distribution payments with interest according to subsection (T) with the member's first finalized benefits payment.
- V.** If a member submits a retirement application after the member's minimum required distribution date, the ASRS shall determine that the member's Applicable Retirement Date is the date the required minimum distribution payments should have begun.
- W.** Notwithstanding any other section, an inactive member who does not have contributions related to compensation is not eligible for retirement.
- X.** The ASRS shall issue a debit benefit card, if the annuitant does not provide the following direct deposit information through the annuitant's secure ASRS account or by a notarized Direct Deposit form:
1. The member's full name;
 2. The member's bank account routing number;
 3. The member's bank account number; and
 4. The type of the account.



- Y. The ASRS shall disburse benefits payments according to subsection (R), only retroactive to the later date specified in A.R.S. § 38-759(B).
- Z. ASRS shall not issue additional estimate checks to a member whose retirement is canceled.

R2-8-127. Re-Retirement Application

- A. The definitions in R2-8-126 apply to this section.
- B. If a member has previously retired from ASRS, the member may re-retire from ASRS by submitting a Re-Retirement Application to the ASRS that contains:
 - 1. The information identified in R2-8-126(B)(1) through (B)(8);
 - 2. The retirement option the member is electing, if the member suspended the member's annuity from the member's previous retirement from ASRS and returned to work for 60 consecutive months or more according to A.R.S. § 38-766(C);
 - 3. The information identified in R2-8-126(B)(11);
 - 4. Whether the member is electing the Optional Health Insurance Premium Benefit, if the member suspended the member's annuity from the member's previous retirement from ASRS and returned to work for 60 consecutive months or more according to A.R.S. § 38-766(C);
 - 5. The information identified in R2-8-126(B)(13), if the member suspended the member's annuity from the member's previous retirement from ASRS and returned to work for 60 consecutive months or more according to A.R.S. § 38-766(C);
 - 6. Acknowledgement of the following statements of understanding:
 - a. The member's signature confirms the member's intent to re-retire and applies to all the sections included in the Re-Retirement Application.
 - b. The member understands that as a re-retiree, the member must keep the same retirement option and beneficiary the member elected when the member previously retired from ASRS, unless the member returned to active membership for 60 consecutive months or more according to A.R.S. § 38-766(C);
 - c. The member may change the member's beneficiary after re-retiring and changing the beneficiary may change the member's monthly annuity.
 - d. The member has complied with A.R.S. §§ 38-755 and 38-766 regarding spousal consent;
 - e. The member certifies that the member has read and understands the instructions and Special Tax Notice Regarding Plan Payments;
 - f. The member authorizes ASRS and the banking institution the member listed for direct deposit to debit the member's account for the purpose of correcting errors and returning any payments inadvertently paid after the member's death;
 - g. The member understands that any person who knowingly makes any false statement with the intent to defraud ASRS is guilty of a Class 6 felony in accordance with A.R.S. § 38-793; and
 - h. The member understands that if an overpayment exists, the ASRS shall collect the remaining overpayment amount according to 2 A.A.C. 8, Article 8 and all repayment plans previously established with the ASRS LTD claims administrator shall cease.
 - 7. The member's notarized signature.
- C. If the retirement date the member elects according to R2-8-126(B)(6) is not allowed, the ASRS shall change the retirement date to the earliest eligible date according to A.R.S. 38-764(A), unless the member is not eligible to retire.

R2-8-128. Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Options

- A. The definitions in R2-8-126 apply to this section.
- B. A member who is ten years and one day, or more, older than the member's non-spouse contingent annuitant is not eligible to elect a 100% Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option.
- C. A member who is 24 years and one day, or more, older than the member's non-spouse contingent annuitant is not eligible to elect a 66 2/3% Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option.
- D. For members whose Original Retirement Date is on or after March 6, 2016, notwithstanding subsection (B), a member who is ten years and one day, or more, older than the member's ex-spouse contingent annuitant is eligible to participate in a 100% Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option, if:
 - 1. The member elected the ex-spouse as the contingent annuitant prior to divorce from the ex-spouse; and
 - 2. The member submits an original or certified copy of a DRO to ASRS which requires the ex-spouse to remain as the contingent annuitant on the member's account.
- E. For members whose Original Retirement Date is on or after March 6, 2016, notwithstanding subsection (C), a member who is 24 years and one day, or more, older than the member's ex-spouse contingent annuitant is eligible to participate in a 66 2/3% Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option, if:
 - 1. The member elected the ex-spouse as the contingent annuitant prior to divorce from the ex-spouse; and
 - 2. The member submits an original or certified copy of a DRO to the ASRS which requires the ex-spouse to remain as the contingent annuitant on the member's account.
- F. Notwithstanding any other section, for purposes of determining whether a member is eligible to participate in a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option, the ASRS shall calculate the difference in a member's age and the contingent annuitant's age based on the birthdates of the member and the contingent annuitant. For purposes of this section, a contingent annuitant must be a living person.

R2-8-129. Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Options

- A. The definitions in R2-8-126 apply to this section.
- B. An individual who is 104 years of age or older at the time of retirement is not eligible to elect a Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Benefit Option.
- C. An individual who is 93 years of age or older at the time of retirement is not eligible to elect a Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Benefit Option with ten years certain or 15 years certain.



- D. An individual who is 85 years of age or older at the time of retirement is not eligible to elect a Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Benefit Option with 15 years certain.
- E. The ASRS shall calculate the period certain term as beginning on the first day of the first full calendar month following the member's Applicable Retirement Date.
- F. Notwithstanding subsection (E), the ASRS shall calculate the period certain term as beginning on the member's Applicable Retirement Date if the member's Applicable Retirement Date is the first day of the month.

R2-8-130. Rescind or Revert Retirement Election; Change of Contingent Annuitant

- A. The definitions in R2-8-126 apply to this section.
- B. According to A.R.S. § 38-760(B)(2), for a member whose Original Retirement Date is after August 9, 2001, upon the expiration of a member's period certain term the ASRS shall rescind the member's election and the ASRS shall provide the member a Straight Life Annuity retirement benefit subject to any retirement reductions applicable at the member's Original Retirement Date.
- C. According to A.R.S. § 38-760(B)(2), a member whose Original Retirement Date is after August 9, 2001 and before July 1, 2008 and who elected a Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Benefit Option, may rescind the election and elect to receive a Straight Life Annuity retirement benefit prior to the expiration of the member's period certain term.
- D. According to A.R.S. § 38-760(B)(1), a member whose Original Retirement Date is before July 1, 2008 and who elected a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option may rescind the election and elect to receive a Straight Life Annuity retirement benefit prior to the member's death.
- E. A member whose Original Retirement Date is on or after July 1, 2008 and who elected a Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Benefit Option may exercise a one-time election to rescind the election and elect to receive a Straight Life Annuity retirement benefit prior to the expiration of the member's period certain term if the member provides proof to ASRS of the death of the primary beneficiary or an original or certified copy of a DRO showing that the primary beneficiary has ceased to be a primary beneficiary.
- F. A member whose Original Retirement Date is on or after July 1, 2008 and who elected a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option may exercise a one-time election to rescind the election and elect to receive a Straight Life Annuity retirement benefit prior to the death of the member if the member provides proof to ASRS of the death of the contingent annuitant or an original or certified copy of a DRO showing that the contingent annuitant has ceased to be a contingent annuitant.
- G. A member who elected to rescind a Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Benefit Option according to subsection (C) may elect to revert to the Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Benefit Option by submitting an Application to Rescind, Revert or Change Contingent Annuitant as specified in subsection (M).
- H. A member who elected to rescind a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option according to subsection (D) may elect to revert to the Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option by submitting an Application to Rescind, Revert or Change Contingent Annuitant as specified in subsection (M).
- I. A member may only revert to the same Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Benefit Option the member rescinded according to subsection (C) prior to the expiration of the period certain term the member elected at the member's most recent retirement.
- J. A member who rescinds their election according to subsections (E) or (F) is not eligible to revert to a Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Benefit Option or a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option.
- K. Notwithstanding any other provision, the time period of a Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Benefit Option shall be continuous from the member's retirement date until the term expires regardless of whether the member rescinds or reverts to another retirement option.
- L. A member who wants to rescind or revert a retirement election according to subsections (C) through (H) shall ensure ASRS receives an Application to Rescind, Revert or Change Contingent Annuitant at least one day prior to the member's death.
- M. In order to rescind, revert, or change a contingent annuitant, the member shall submit an Application to Rescind, Revert or Change Contingent Annuitant with the following information:
 - 1. The member's full name;
 - 2. The member's Social Security number or U.S. Tax Identification number;
 - 3. The member's marital status, if not On File with ASRS;
 - 4. Whether the member is electing to rescind, revert, or change a contingent annuitant;
 - 5. The member's notarized signature acknowledging the following statements of understanding:
 - a. For rescinding a retirement election:
 - i. By this action, and the member's signature, the member is aware that the member's designated beneficiary or contingent annuitant will not continue with monthly benefits after the member's death;
 - ii. The member is aware that a certified copy of the member's designated beneficiary's or contingent annuitant's death certificate or an original or certified copy of a DRO is required if the member retired or re-retired on or after July 1, 2008;
 - iii. At the time of the member's death, if the ASRS has not disbursed the total employee contributions on the member's account, plus interest at the Assumed Actuarial Investment Earnings Rate specified in R2-8-118(A) through the month prior to the member's retirement date, the balance will be payable in a lump sum to the beneficiary named on the member's most recent Acceptable Form.
 - b. For changing a contingent annuitant or beneficiary:
 - i. For a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option, by this action, and the member's signature, the contingent annuitant named on the member's most recent Acceptable Form will receive the previously elected percentage amount of the member's monthly benefit for their lifetime following the member's death;
 - ii. For a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option, the member is aware that a copy of the contingent annuitant's Legal Documentation is required and the member's benefit will be recalculated based on the member's age and the age of the member's new contingent annuitant as of the effective date of the member's request according to this section;
 - iii. For a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option, the member is in compliance with the age difference limitations in R2-8-128; and



- iv. For a Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Benefit Option, by this action, and the member's signature, the beneficiary named on the member's most recent Acceptable Form will receive the remaining term of monthly payments.
- c. For reverting to a previously elected retirement benefit option according to A.R.S. § 38-760:
 - i. For a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option, by this action, and the member's signature, the contingent annuitant named the member's most recent Acceptable Form will receive the previously elected percentage amount of the member's monthly benefit for their lifetime following the member's death;
 - ii. For a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option, the member is aware that a copy of Legal Documentation showing the contingent annuitant's date of birth is required and the member's benefit will be recalculated based on the member's age and the age of the member's contingent annuitant as of the effective date of the member's request according to this section;
 - iii. For a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option, the member is in compliance with the age difference limitations in R2-8-128; and
 - iv. For a Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Benefit Option, by this action, and the member's signature, the beneficiary named on the member's most recent Acceptable Form will receive the remaining term of monthly payments.
- 6. If the member is electing to change a contingent annuitant, the following information for the new contingent annuitant:
 - a. Full name;
 - b. Social Security number, if the contingent annuitant is a U.S. citizen;
 - c. Date of birth; and
 - d. Legal relationship to the member.
- 7. If the member is married, whether the member's spouse consents to the following with the spouse's notarized signature:
 - a. The member making a beneficiary designation that provides the member's spouse with less than 50% of the member's account balance;
 - b. The member electing a retirement option other than a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option; or
 - c. The member changing or ending the spouse's contingent annuitant status.
- 8. Whether the spouse's consent is not required because:
 - a. The spouse predeceased the member and if so, provide a copy of the spouse's death certificate; or
 - b. The member is divorced and if so, provide an original or certified copy of a DRO.
- N. If the ASRS is unable to verify the age of the member or a contingent annuitant, the member or contingent annuitant shall provide Legal Documentation showing the member's or contingent annuitant's age.
- O. The effective date of the member's request according to this section is the date on which ASRS receives the Application to Rescind, Revert or Change Contingent Annuitant.
- P. According to A.R.S. § 38-760(B)(2), a member whose Original Retirement Date is on or after July 1, 2008 and who elects a Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Benefit Option, may rescind the election according to subsection (E) and elect to receive a Straight Life Annuity prior to the expiration of the member's period certain term if one or more of the member's primary beneficiaries dies or ceases to be a beneficiary according to the terms of an original or certified copy of a DRO.
- Q. The ASRS shall cancel a member's Application to Rescind, Revert, or Change Contingent Annuitant if ASRS does not receive all forms and information required under this section within six months immediately after the ASRS receives the application.

R2-8-131. Designating a Beneficiary: Spousal Consent to Beneficiary Designation

- A. The definitions in R2-8-126 apply to this section.
- B. In order to designate a beneficiary, a member shall submit an Acceptable Form containing the following information:
 - 1. The Member's full name and one or more of the following information:
 - a. The Member's Social Security number or U.S. Tax Identification number; or
 - b. The Member's address; or
 - c. The Member's date of birth;
 - 2. The following information for the beneficiary:
 - a. The full name of the person or entity the member is designating as beneficiary;
 - b. Whether the beneficiary is being designated as primary or secondary beneficiary;
 - c. The percentage of the benefit the member is allocating to the beneficiary; and
 - 3. The member's notarized signature.
- C. If a change in a designated beneficiary is completed through the member's secure ASRS account, the member's notarized signature is not required under subsection (B)(3).
- D. If a member submits an Acceptable Form designating a beneficiary without indicating the percentage of the benefit the member is allocating to the beneficiary, the ASRS shall determine that each beneficiary is designated to receive an equal amount of the benefit.
- E. Effective July 1, 2013, a married member:
 - 1. Who is not retired shall name and maintain the member's current spouse as primary beneficiary of at least 50% of the member's retirement account unless:
 - a. Naming or maintaining the current spouse as beneficiary violates another law, existing contract, or court order; or
 - b. The spouse consents to an alternate beneficiary;
 - 2. Who retires shall choose a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option and name the member's current spouse as contingent annuitant unless:
 - a. Naming or maintaining the current spouse as contingent annuitant violates another law, existing contract, or court order; or
 - b. The spouse consents to an alternate contingent annuitant; or
 - c. The spouse consents to an alternate annuity option under A.R.S. §§ 38-757 or 38-760.
- F. The ASRS shall honor a beneficiary designation last made or a retirement election submitted before July 1, 2013, even if the beneficiary designation or retirement election fails to comply with subsection (E).
- G. Subsection (E) does not apply to a member who is receiving a mandatory lump sum distribution according to A.R.S. § 38-764.



- H.** Subsection (E) does not apply to a member who submits a Spousal Consent Exception form that contains the member's notarized signature to the ASRS affirming under penalty of perjury that the member's spouse's consent is not required because of one of the reasons specified in A.R.S. § 38-776(C).
- I.** In order to change a beneficiary designation, a member shall submit the information contained in subsection (B) and:
1. A married member who changes a beneficiary designation on or after July 1, 2013, shall ensure the new beneficiary designation is consistent with subsection (E); or
 2. A married member who retired before July 1, 2013, and who wishes to change the contingent annuitant or beneficiary, shall ensure that the new designation is consistent with subsection (E).
- J.** A married member who re-retires according to A.R.S. § 38-766:
1. Within less than 60 consecutive months of active membership from the member's previous retirement date, is not eligible to elect a different annuity option or different beneficiary than the member elected at the time of the previous retirement; or
 2. At least 60 consecutive months of active membership after the member's previous retirement date, may elect a different annuity option and different beneficiary than the member elected at the time of the previous retirement, and the election shall comply with subsection (E).
- K.** If a married member submits a retirement application that fails to comply with subsection (E), the member shall submit a new retirement application or written notice of new retirement elections that comply with subsection (E) within six months of the member's Original Retirement Date. The member's new Original Retirement Date is the date ASRS receives the new application or written notice unless the member elects a later date according to A.R.S. § 38-764.
- L.** If a married member made a beneficiary designation on or after July 1, 2013 that is not consistent with the requirements specified in subsection (E), the ASRS shall, at the time of the member's death:
1. Notify both the spouse and designated beneficiary and:
 - a. Provide the spouse with an opportunity to waive the right under subsection (E); and
 - b. Provide the designated beneficiary with an opportunity to provide documentation that revokes the spouse's right under subsection (E); and
 2. Designate 50% of the member's retirement benefit to the spouse if neither the spouse nor designated beneficiary respond to notification according to subsection (L)(1) within 30 days after notification.
- M.** If a married member designated a beneficiary before July 1, 2013 that does not comply with subsection (E), upon the death of the member, the member's spouse may submit written notice to the ASRS prior to disbursement of the member's account with the following information:
1. The member's full name;
 2. The member's Social Security number or U.S. Tax Identification number;
 3. The spouse's assertion to the spouse's right to community property;
 4. An original or copy of the marriage certificate; and
 5. An original or certified copy of the member's death certificate.
- N.** If a spouse submits written notice according to subsection (M), the ASRS shall designate the spouse as beneficiary of a percentage of the member's account according to A.R.S. §§25-211 and 25-214 and notify the member's designated beneficiary of the spouse's assertion.
- O.** The ASRS shall determine a spouse's percentage of the member's account according to subsection (L) based on the amount of service credit the member acquired during the marriage divided by the total amount of service credit the member acquired, multiplied by 50%.
- P.** If a beneficiary is notified of a spouse's assertion according to subsection (N), then before ASRS disburses a survivor benefit, the beneficiary may notify ASRS of the beneficiary's intent to appeal the spouse's right to a survivor benefit.
- Q.** Within 30 days, a beneficiary who has notified ASRS of the beneficiary's intent to appeal a survivor benefit disbursement according to subsection (P), shall submit an appeal to ASRS according to 2 A.A.C. 8, Article 4.
- R.** An original or certified copy of a DRO may supersede the requirements in subsection (B).
- S.** To consent to an alternative retirement benefit option or beneficiary designation, a member's spouse shall complete and have notarized a Spousal Consent form containing the following information:
1. Member's full name;
 2. Member's Social Security number or U.S. Tax Identification number;
 3. Whether the member's spouse is consenting to one or more of the following:
 - a. The member making a beneficiary designation that provides the spouse with less than 50% of the member's account balance;
 - b. The member electing a retirement option other than a Joint and Survivor Retirement Benefit Option;
 - c. The member naming a contingent annuitant other than the spouse; and
 - d. The spouse's notarized signature.
- T.** A member's spouse may revoke the spouse's consent to an alternative retirement benefit option or beneficiary designation by sending written notice to ASRS with the following information:
1. The member's full name
 2. The member's Social Security number or U.S. Tax Identification number;
 3. The spouse's full name;
 4. The spouse's dated signature indicating the spouse is revoking all previous Spousal Consent forms.
- U.** A spouse who is revoking a Spousal Consent form shall ensure the written notice is received no later than the earlier of one day before the member dies or ASRS disburses a retirement benefit to the member.



R2-8-132. Survivor Benefit Options

- A. The definitions in R2-8-126 apply to this section.
- B. If the beneficiary is eligible to elect the survivor benefit as monthly income for life according to A.R.S. § 38-762(C), the ASRS shall calculate the benefits based on the attained age of the beneficiary, calculated to the nearest full month, as of the date of the member's death.
- C. If the beneficiary elects to receive the survivor benefit as monthly income for life according to A.R.S. § 38-762(C), the ASRS shall calculate the benefits effective date as of the day after the member's death and the ASRS shall pay interest up to the benefits effective date.
- D. According to A.R.S. § 38-763, if the member elected a Period Certain and Life Annuity Retirement Benefit Option and deceases prior to the expiration of the period certain term, the member's beneficiary may elect to complete the remaining period certain term or the beneficiary may elect to receive a lump sum distribution which is the greater of:
 - 1. The present value of the benefits based on the remaining period certain term; or
 - 2. The member's ASRS account balance plus interest at the Assumed Actuarial Investment Earnings Rate specified in R2-8-118(A) through the month prior to the member's retirement date, reduced by all retirement benefits due to the member.
- E. Notwithstanding subsection (D), a beneficiary is not eligible to elect to complete the remaining period certain term if the period certain term has expired.
- F. If the beneficiary elects to complete the remaining period certain term or elects to receive a lump sum that is the present value of the benefits based on the remaining period certain term according to subsection (D), the ASRS shall not pay interest.
- G. If a member's beneficiary or contingent annuitant does not want to receive a survivor benefit according to 26 U.S.C. § 2518, within nine months after the member's death, the beneficiary or contingent annuitant may submit a written request to the ASRS with the following information for the beneficiary or contingent annuitant:
 - 1. Full name;
 - 2. Social Security number if the beneficiary or contingent annuitant is a U.S. citizen;
 - 3. Address; and
 - 4. Notarized signature acknowledging the following statements:
 - a. The beneficiary or contingent annuitant is aware that, as a beneficiary or contingent annuitant of the member, the beneficiary or contingent annuitant is entitled to a survivor benefit in the amount specified by the ASRS;
 - b. The beneficiary is renouncing a portion or all of the beneficiary's rights to the member's benefit;
 - c. The contingent annuitant is renouncing all of the contingent annuitant's rights to the member's benefit;
 - d. The beneficiary understands that by renouncing rights to the member's benefit, the portion that the beneficiary is renouncing will be paid to any other survivor on the member's account, or if there is no other designated survivor, the benefit will be paid to the member's estate; and
 - e. The contingent annuitant understands that by renouncing rights to the member's benefit, the ASRS shall pay the member's ASRS account balance plus interest at the Assumed Actuarial Interest and Investment Return Rate specified in R2-8-118(A) through the month prior to the member's retirement date, reduced by all retirement benefits due to the member, to any other survivor on the member's account, or if there is no other designated survivor, to the member's estate.
- H. According to 26 U.S.C. § 2518, a minor beneficiary's or contingent annuitant's survivor benefit cannot be renounced.

R2-8-133. Survivor Benefit Applications

- A. The definitions in R2-8-126 apply to this section.
- B. The ASRS shall not distribute a survivor benefit until a claimant notifies the ASRS of a member's death by telephone or submission of a death certificate, unless the member elected a Joint and Survivor Benefit Option upon retirement.
- C. Upon notification of the death of a member, the ASRS shall distribute the survivor benefits according to the most recent, Acceptable Form that is On File with the ASRS that was received at least one day prior to the date of the member's death, unless otherwise provided by law.
- D. The designated beneficiary or other person specified in A.R.S. § 38-762(E) shall provide the following:
 - 1. An original certified death certificate or a certified copy of a court order that establishes the member's death;
 - 2. If the claimant is not a designated beneficiary, but is a person specified in A.R.S. § 38-762(E), a copy of a document issued from a federal, state, local, sovereign, or medical institution showing the claimant's relationship to the deceased member;
 - 3. A certified copy of the court order of appointment as administrator, if applicable; and
 - 4. Except if the deceased member was retired and elected the joint and survivor option, complete and have notarized an Application for Survivor Benefits, provided by the ASRS that includes:
 - a. The deceased member's full name;
 - b. The deceased member's Social Security number or U.S. Tax Identification number;
 - c. The benefit the designated beneficiary or other person specified in A.R.S. § 38-762(E) is electing;
 - d. If the designated beneficiary or other person specified in A.R.S. § 38-762(E) is electing to roll over a benefit, the following information:
 - i. The claimant's full name;
 - ii. The name of the institution to which the claimant is electing to roll over;
 - iii. The address of the institution to which the claimant is electing to roll over;
 - iv. The full name of the authorized representative of the institution to which the claimant is electing to roll over;
 - v. The signature of the authorized representative of the institution to which the claimant is electing to roll over;
 - e. If the beneficiary is electing to have any of the survivor benefits directly deposited into a bank account, the following information:
 - i. Whether the bank account is a checking or savings account;
 - ii. The name of the banking institution to which the benefit is being sent;
 - iii. The routing number;



- ii. The contingent annuitant authorizes the ASRS to make payments as indicated above and agree on behalf of themselves and their heirs that such payments shall be a complete discharge of the claim and shall constitute a release of the ASRS from any further obligation on account of the benefit; and
 - iii. The contingent annuitant authorizes the ASRS and the Banking Institution listed above to debit their account for the purposes of correcting errors and returning any payments inadvertently made after their death.
 - d. The contingent annuitant's notarized signature.
 - E. Notwithstanding R2-8-132(H), if the beneficiary or contingent annuitant is a minor as of the date of the member's death, the beneficiary or contingent annuitant may submit a written request with the information contained in R2-8-132(G)(1) through (4) within nine months after the minor attains 18 years of age.
 - F. For a member who deceases prior to the member's retirement date, if there is no designation of beneficiary or if the designated beneficiary predeceases the member, the ASRS shall pay a survivor benefit as specified in A.R.S. § 38-762(E).
 - G. The ASRS shall begin disbursing a survivor benefit to a contingent annuitant according to A.R.S. § 38-760(B)(1) upon notification and verification of the member's death by a third party.
 - H. The ASRS shall suspend a survivor benefit for a contingent annuitant unless the contingent annuitant provides the information in subsection (D) within two months of the ASRS disbursing a survivor benefit.
 - I. If the member is domiciled in Arizona, according to A.R.S. § 14-3971, and there is no designated beneficiary, the ASRS shall distribute the balance of a member's account to a claimant if the claimant submits an Affidavit for Collection of Personal Property to ASRS with the following:
 - 1. The claimant's name;
 - 2. The claimant's Social Security number or U.S. Tax Identification number;
 - 3. The claimant's mailing address;
 - 4. The member's name;
 - 5. The member's Social Security number or U.S. Tax Identification number;
 - 6. The date of the member's death;
 - 7. The state and county where the member died;
 - 8. Statements indicating:
 - a. According to A.R.S. § 14-3971(B)(2)(a), no application or petition for the appointment of a personal representative is pending or has been granted in any jurisdiction and the value of the member's entire estate, less liens and encumbrances, does not exceed the amount in A.R.S. § 14-3971 as valued as of the date of the member's death;
 - b. According to A.R.S. § 14-3971(B)(2)(b), the personal representative has been discharged, or more than a year has elapsed since a closing statement has been filed and the value of the member's entire estate, less liens and encumbrances, does not exceed the amount in A.R.S. § 14-3971 as valued as of the date the ASRS receives the Affidavit for Collection of Personal Property;
 - c. The claimant is the successor of the member and is entitled to the member's personal property because:
 - i. The claimant is named in the member's will; or
 - ii. The member did not have a will and the claimant is entitled to the member's personal property by right of intestate succession according to A.R.S. § 14-2103;
 - d. If the claimant is entitled to the member's personal property according to subsection (I)(8)(c)(i), then a copy of the member's will;
 - e. If the claimant is entitled to the member's personal property according to subsection (I)(8)(c)(ii), then the relationship between the member and the claimant and whether there are other surviving heirs;
 - f. If there are other surviving heirs, then the name and relationship of each surviving heir;
 - g. A statement indicating the claimant is making the Affidavit for Collection of Personal Property according to A.R.S. § 14-3971 for the purpose of making a claim to the member's ASRS account; and
 - h. The claimant's notarized signature.
 - J. If the member is not domiciled in Arizona and there is no designated beneficiary, the ASRS shall distribute the balance of a member's account to a claimant if the claimant submits legal documentation to claim the member's ASRS account that complies with the statutory requirements of the state in which the member was domiciled at the time of the member's death.
 - K. Notwithstanding any other provision, if the amount of the survivor benefit as valued at the date of disbursement is less than \$10,000 per annum, the ASRS shall not distribute a survivor benefit to a minor beneficiary unless the minor beneficiary's legal guardian submits the following written information:
 - 1. The member's full name;
 - 2. The member's Social Security number or U.S. Tax Identification number;
 - 3. The minor beneficiary's full name;
 - 4. The minor beneficiary's Social Security number or U.S. Tax Identification number;
 - 5. The full name of the minor beneficiary's legal guardian;
 - 6. The minor beneficiary's legal guardian's address, if not On File with ASRS; and
 - 7. The minor beneficiary's legal guardian's signature certifying the minor beneficiary's legal guardian has care and custody of the minor beneficiary.
 - L. Notwithstanding any other provision, if the amount of the survivor benefit as valued at the date of disbursement is \$10,000 or more per annum, the ASRS shall not distribute a survivor benefit to a minor beneficiary unless the minor beneficiary's conservator submits proof of court-appointed fiduciary responsibility for the minor beneficiary.
 - M. The ASRS shall remit payment to the minor beneficiary according to subsection (K) by sending the minor beneficiary's conservator a check, if the document providing proof of the court-appointed fiduciary responsibility requires payment to be made to a restricted or secure account.



- N.** If a person claims that a beneficiary or claimant is not entitled to a survivor benefit, then before ASRS disburses a survivor benefit, the person may notify ASRS of the person's intent to appeal the beneficiary's or claimant's right to a survivor benefit.
- O.** Within 30 days, a person who has notified ASRS of the person's intent to appeal a survivor benefit disbursement according to subsection (N), shall submit an appeal to ASRS according to 2 A.A.C. 8, Article 4.
- P.** If the ASRS receives documentation from, or confirmed by, a law enforcement agency, that a beneficiary or claimant may be guilty of the felonious and intentional killing of the member, the ASRS shall not distribute any benefits to the beneficiary or claimant that may be guilty of the felonious and intentional killing of the member until the matter has been adjudicated.
- Q.** If the member's estate has an appointed personal representative, the member's estate shall submit a court document identifying the personal representative for the member's estate before ASRS may distribute a survivor benefit.
- R.** If the member's estate is closed, the person claiming a right to the member's ASRS account shall provide a court document proving the estate is closed.
- S.** If the survivor receives a monthly annuity and does not provide the direct deposit information according to subsection (D)(4)(e) or (D)(5)(b)(vi), ASRS shall issue a debit benefit card.